

Tenon Cutter S	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
-	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Tenon Cutte	er	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E 111:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring a	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must structurately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



Client: SCOPE OF WORKS Project Name: Project Address: Forject Address: Project Manager: Forject Manager: Forject Manager: Forject Manager Signature: Forjec								
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS		
Project Name:					n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:					known as cope of works).			
Project Manager:								
Contact Phone:								
Project Manager Sig	gnature:							
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:							
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT			
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.				
is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.		
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integrit of a str	3	is carried out in	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	sphere.	
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up or precast concrete.				
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.				
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in	an area of a workplace where t	there is any movement of po	owered mobile plant.	
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.		
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.			
involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrit of a structure. involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing accessors. involves structural alteration or repair that recommonds cuppent or prevent collapse. is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere. involves tilt-up or precast concrete. is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor. is carried out in or near a confined space. is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile place. is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives. is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature. is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.								
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift	
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer	
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -		





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Slips, trips and falls, improper tool handling	2M	- Ensure that the workspace is clean and well-maintained, removing any debris or obstructions to reduce the potential for slips, trips, an ifalls. - Provide employees with appropriate non-slips to wear to enhance grip and stability while working. - Mark out designated walkways and work an at to chany delineate where equipment and tools should be stored when not be reducing the chance of improper handling or employees tripping over the conduct regular tool inspection to confirm that the arrongood condition and functionality before to suring hat any damaged use are replaced immediately. - Provide come wensive traping for all persons on the correct usage and handling of tenon cutton as well as an er associated with improper reading. - Establish clear produces for lifting and carrying heavy materials or tools, incorp at safe and glechniques and the use of mechanical aids wherever necess by. - Encounge oper communication among team members regarding potential neards unsan working conditions, promoting a shared responsibility for work, act afety. - Implement an effective system for reporting near misses, incidents, and accidents to imply investigation and remediation. - Post visual reminders around the work area, such as signs or posters, highlighting key safety precautions and best practices when using the tenon cutter and other equipment. - Require that all employees take regular breaks to prevent fatigue and maintain focus on proper tool handling and hazard awareness. - Utilise appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the task, including gloves for proper grip and eye protection to prevent flying debris from injuring workers. - Maintain adequate lighting within the workspace to eliminate dimly lit areas that could contribute to slips, trips, or falls, and ensure that employees can see what they're doing at all times.	1L	
2. Setting up equipment	Incorrect installation, electrical hazards	3H	- Proper training and supervision: Ensure that workers are adequately trained in the setup and installation process of equipment, specifically focusing on correct installation procedures and identification of electrical hazards.	2M	



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			 Inspect equipment before use: Conduct a thorough inspection of the Tenon Cutter and relevant accessories to ascertain that there are no damages or issues that may increase the risk of incorrect installation or electrical zards. 		
			- Follow manufacturer's guidelines: Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions for setting up the equipment, including understanting the recommended specifications and configurations for safe operation.		
			- Identify potential electrical hazards: Assess to a rea and surrounding environment for any electrical hazards such as a surfaces, do aged power cords, or incorrectly grounded outles, and take necessary neasure to avoid these hazards when setting up the equipment. - Use appropriate arsonal rotect requipment (PPE): Workers should be		
			equipped with looper PPE, cluding sulated loves, safety glasses, and steel-toed boots, to minimate the risk injury from the text of the risk injury from the text of the risk injury from the text of the risk injury from		
			- Discorption of the grant of the setting up process, minimising the potential for electric the ards to cur.		
			- Check tiring and connections: Visually inspect all electrical components, plugs, and wiring of the Senon Cutter to ensure they are secure, functional, and free from data are.		
			Regular a intenance and testing: Schedule routine maintenance checks for the non Cutter according to the manufacturer's recommendations, ensuring that any realized repairs or replacements are carried out promptly by qualified technicians.		
			Correct positioning and support: When installing the Tenon Cutter, ensure that it is securely positioned on a stable surface, properly supported, and in line with the manufacturer's recommended settings.		
			- Clear workspace and organised storage: Keep the work area surrounding the Tenon Cutter clean and free from clutter, reducing the likelihood of tripping hazards, and ensure all equipment and tools are stored neatly and safely when not in use.		
			- Emergency response plan: Maintain a clear understanding of the site's emergency response procedures, including knowing the location of first aid kits and fire extinguishers, and ensure that all staff members are familiar with these protocols in case of an incident involving incorrect installation or electrical hazards.		
			- Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensure the Tenon Cutter is inspected regularly for signs of rust, wear or any damaged parts. Implement a routine maintenance schedule to keep the tool in optimal working condition.		
3. Inspecting Tenon Cutter	Rust, damaged parts	3H	- Visual inspection before use: Conduct a thorough visual check of the Tenon Cutter before each use, paying close attention to any corroded or damaged components that could pose a risk while in operation.	1L	
			- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Workers should wear suitable PPE, such as safety gloves, eye protection, and long-sleeved shirts or jackets to safeguard against potential injuries from rust or damaged parts.		



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			- Clean and lubricate cutter heads: Keep the cutter heads clean and adequately lubricated to minimise friction and prevent corrosion, which can lead to rust formation.		
			- Proper storage: Store the Tenon Cutter in a decivel-ventilated area away from moisture and humidity to prevent rust and cosion.		
			- Replace worn-out or damaged components romp eplace any parts on the Tenon Cutter that are too worn, corroded or on eurosafe for use.		
			- Training: Provide comprehensive training to work is on the oper functioning, handling, and maintenance of Tenon Cutter to a gurd by understand the hazards associated use I how to mitigate to		
			- Dispose of clauged cutture If a con Cutter lows extensive damage or severe rust, it must be disposed of lafely and lapla con Cutter lows extensive damage or severe		
			- Recordy more record accordation. Routinely assess the environment where the Transcourt of the cutter and to ensure it remains free from dust or debris build-up, which as inder its enformance and exacerbate wear.		
			- Use a property to cuttle techniques: Train workers in employing suitable techniques for using the Train Cutter, minimising the likelihood of slip or breakage that could let from an incorporate application.		
			Anti-conjoin treatments: Consider applying anti-corrosion treatments, such as otective patings or rust inhibitors, to the Tenon Cutter as a proactive measure to prent rust formation.		
			Reporting and communication: Encourage workers to report any unsafe conditions, such as damaged or rusted Tenon Cutters, immediately. Communicate the importance of adhering to established safety procedures and promptly addressing any hazards that are discovered.		
Securing workpiece	Pinching fingers, poor clamping	2M		1L	



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5. Adjusting cutter depth	Slips, incorrect adjustments	2M		1L	



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6. Cutting tenons	Dust inhalation, noise exposure	3H		2M	



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7. Measuring tenons	Misaligned cuts, sharp edges	2M		1L	



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8. Sanding edges	Kickback, airborne dust	2M		1L	



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9. Adding finishing touches	Flammable chemicals, spills	2M		1L	



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10. Unclamping workpiece	Pinching fingers, drop hazard	2M		1L	



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11. Inspecting finished tenon	Sharp edges, splinters	2M		1L	



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12. Cleaning work area	Tripping hazards, chemical exposure	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health all Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.aksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow any sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
			_					
				Date				
			l te:					
			Date:					
			Date:					
				Date:				
Date:								
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who researched that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	3 ,	· '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	