

Strapping Tool (Hand	d)   SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT (SWMS)	
TASI	K OR ACTIVITY: Strapping Tool (	Hand)	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (I 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions in those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the condit	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stead attely. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



Client: SCOPE OF WORKS  Project Name:									
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:					n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
☐ is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		M + M	is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	☐ is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor workplace set-up, Inadequate lighting	2M	<ul> <li>Implement a thorough workplace inspection before beginning any task to ensure a proper and well-organised work environment.</li> <li>Clear the area of any unnecessary equipment before, or obstacles to prevent trips, slips, and falls in the immediate work area.</li> <li>Provide adequate lighting at the workplace, poecial to one working during low light conditions or in enclosed spaces. If neces are use portable lighting solutions such as spotlights or floodlights for better illumination.</li> <li>Ensure the surface on which a strapping tool win a use is stable, clean, and free from contamination at may order grip or performace.</li> <li>Train workers proper hadling at usage of a strapping tool to minimise risks associated with incorrect hadling an each set.</li> <li>Alway wear a propriate Personal Projective Equipment (PPE), such as gloves and set a goggle or protect against potential hazards during operation.</li> <li>Performantial management on the hand strapping tool, including checking for any signs or year and tear a damage, to prevent potential injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Yeep a walkways and aisles in the work area free of clutter, cables, or cords to minuse in phazards.</li> <li>Establishment adhere to designated storage areas for the strapping tool and related a terials, preventing them from being improperly stored or left unattended.</li> <li>Encourage good communication among team members; report any dangerous conditions or safety concerns to supervisors immediately so that corrective action can be taken to mitigate risk.</li> <li>Conduct periodic risk assessments or toolbox talks to discuss potential hazards associated with the hand strapping tool worksite and review control measures to prevent accidents.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Safety equipment check	Damaged or missing PPE, Poorly maintained equipment	2M	<ul> <li>Conduct regular inspections of all Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to identify any signs of damage, wear or deterioration. If PPE is found to be damaged or ineffective, it should be replaced immediately.</li> <li>Ensure that the appropriate PPE is provided for all workers who are involved in the operation of hand strapping tools. This may include safety gloves, protective eyewear, and steel-toed boots, depending on the specific job requirements.</li> <li>Develop a preventative maintenance schedule for the hand strapping tools and other related equipment. This will help minimise the risk of poorly maintained equipment causing injury during use.</li> <li>Train all employees involved in the use of hand strapping tools on the correct procedures for inspecting and maintaining their tools and safety equipment. This should include instructions on how to identify potential hazards and what actions to take if they are discovered.</li> </ul>	1L	



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		RISK	<ul> <li>Store safety equipment and PPE in a designated area when not in use. This will reduce the likelihood of equipment being misplaced or damaged during transit or storage.</li> <li>Provide clear signage and instructions for productions of safety equipment when working with hand strapping tools. This care up remind workers of best practices for maintaining their safety while performing the basks.</li> <li>Encourage an open communication culture workers feel comfortable reporting any damaged or missing PPE without has of retaliation Establish a system for anonymous reporting if new sarry.</li> <li>Implement regular to add equalment inventory character to ensure that all equipment is accounted from directed working order. Any missing or damaged equipment should be reported immentally.</li> <li>Purchase high quality Post and hand apping tools from reputable manufacturers to ensure their on bits and effectiveness in preventing injuries.</li> <li>Keep to testock a supply of replacement safety equipment and PPE on-site as a conting ney leasure in case items become damaged or lost during a work shift.</li> </ul>	RISK	
			Monito indust developments and advancements in PPE technology to stay cent with best actices for workplace safety in relation to hand strapping tool usas. Ut ate and revise policies and procedures accordingly, in order to ontinual improve upon the control measures being implemented.  - In plement a regular inspection routine for strapping tools and tensioners, ensuring		
			hat personnel are trained in identifying signs of wear and malfunction.  - Establish a logbook or digital record for documenting tool inspections, maintenance activities, and replacement schedules to track the condition of each strapping tool over time.		
			- Require workers to visually inspect all straps for wear, fraying, or damage before using the strapping tool; any sign of degradation should result in immediate removal from service and replacement with a new strap.		
3. Tool inspection	Worn straps, Malfunctioning tensioner	3H	- Encourage workers to report any issues with the strapping tool or tensioner immediately upon identification, allowing swift action to be taken to prevent accidents or injuries.	2M	
			- Store strapping tools and materials in designated areas when not in use, keeping them away from moisture, excessive heat, or chemicals that may cause degradation or malfunction.		
			- Ensure that workers are provided with clear instructions and adequate training in the proper use, storage, and maintenance of hand strapping tools and tensioners.		
			- Develop and implement a preventive maintenance plan for strapping tools and tensioners, based on manufacturer recommendations and user experience, addressing common failure points and typical wear patterns.		



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			<ul> <li>Periodically review workplace safety procedures related to the use of hand strapping tools, updating protocols as necessary to reflect changes in equipment design or industry best practices.</li> </ul>		
			- Conduct toolbox talks or safety briefings focus on the hazards associated with worn straps and malfunctioning tensioners sphasising the importance of early identification and prompt corrective actions minimise.		
			- Consider investing in high-quality strapping to the distribution and promoting a safer work expression.		
4. Loading strap roll	Manual handling its tries, Piacht 14s	ЗН		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	PERSON NAME OF PERSON
5. Cutting strap	Cuts and abrasions, Flyin	2M		1L	



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6. Feeding strap	Entanglement, Jamming hand in too	ЗН		1L	



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7. Tension application	Over-tightening, Releasing tension suddenly	2M		1L	



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8. Affixing metal seal	Pinch points, Incorrect placement seal	2M		1L	



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9. Crimping	Slipping tool, Excessive force	2M		1L	



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10. Releasing tension	Sudden release of energy, Struck by strap end	3Н		1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Final cut	Sharp edges, Projectiles	2M		1L	



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12. Disposal	Improper disposal, Injuries while handling waste material	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-oi-practice

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health al. Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VIC attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow ally sale work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use an reisonal riotective Equipment where appropriate.								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
			_					
				Date				
			l te:					
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
Date:								
		SAF WO A S	THUD STATEMENT	MONITORING AND	REVIEW			
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to the ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measurements are subcontracted by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who researched that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures				
them to understand and imp					tently developing ever-imp	<b>3</b> ,	' '	
REVIEW NUMBER	1	□ 2	□ 3	□ 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWh			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting so tions.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of continue assures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Veralt Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
dentifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	