

Roof Tiling   SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)								
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Roof Tiling	3						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E. pil:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PLACE OF THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducte proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N_RU) is	required to thurs at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.						
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditioned in those hazards and then to further take steps to either the st	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).						
Project Manager	:										
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			is carried out on o	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on o	☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.						
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Trip hazards, Falling objects	2М	<ul> <li>Ensure the work area is clean and free from any debris, clutter or obstacles that could lead to tripping accidents.</li> <li>Conduct a thorough site inspection before convencing work to identify and eliminate trip hazards like loose cables, up on surfaces or exposed edges.</li> <li>Clearly mark any unavoidable trip hazards, to h as enables or equipment storage areas, with bright-colored barricades or warnin.</li> <li>Store all equipment and tota in designated safe orage locatons when not in use to minimise the risk of both trip or zards and falling the colored barricades or warnin.</li> <li>Enforce strict horometers of providures throughout we project ensuring that supervisors and workers or existent maintain any workspace.</li> <li>Provide appropriate personal protection of providing soft or tips.</li> <li>Sche un egulate asks for workers allowing them to remain alert and focused, minimum ng to likelike do faccidents involving trip hazards or falling objects.</li> <li>Train where the height, secure all tools and materials to prevent them from falling or tall to boards to catch any potential falling objects.</li> <li>Exablish exclusion zones around any areas where roof tiling is taking place, ensuring a safe distance is maintained between workers and potential falling objects.</li> <li>Regularly inspect scaffoldings or tool belts to keep essential tools within reach and minimise the risk of dropping the scale or of tiling.</li> <li>Encourage the use of tool lanyards or tool belts to keep essential tools within reach and minimise the risk of dropping them during work processes.</li> <li>Develop and implement an incident reporting control measures in place, and providing opportunities for discussion and improvement.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Site setup	Uneven surfaces, Electrical hazards	ЗН	<ul> <li>Conduct a thorough site inspection prior to starting work to identify any uneven surfaces, electrical hazards, and other potential risks related to site setup.</li> <li>Clearly mark and barricade all identified hazards to prevent accidental contact or injuries while setting up the site.</li> <li>Utilise appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as safety footwear with slip-resistant soles and non-conductive materials for electrical hazards.</li> </ul>	2M	



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			- Level and compact the ground surface wherever possible to minimise the risk of slips, trips, and falls due to uneven terrain.		
			- Establish designated walkways around the site, the ping them clear of obstacles, debris, and electrical cords.		
			- Implement appropriate electrical safety musures, including using GFCI-protected extension cords and isolating power sources, then processary.		
			- Store electrical equipment and cords away from et areas, foottraffic, and sharp objects that may cause dam, and introduce a hoard.		
			- Ensure all workers are adequable to trained on properticular handling techniques to prevent injuries whether are not or making heavy items during site setup.		
			- Secure lade is and scaffer is property following manufacturer's guidelines, to minimise the support of falls a minimise of the stable working platforms.		
			- Main clear to see communication between crew members to inform each other of potents hazard and changing site conditions promptly.		
			- Develop an implement an emergency response plan specific to the site setup phase, including worked ples, responsibilities, and procedures in case of an incident.		
			quian inspectiools, equipment, and assigned PPE for signs of wear or damage		
			and use their timely replacement or repair if required. Monitor weather conditions and adjust the site setup process accordingly to reduce		
			h and a ssociated with heavy rain, strong winds, and other adverse conditions.		
	C		Conduct toolbox talks to review the identified hazards and control measures, reinforcing the importance of maintaining a safe work environment throughout the site setup phase.		
			<ul> <li>Perform a thorough inspection of the ladder prior to use, ensuring it is in good working condition, free from damage or defects, with all rungs secured and intact.</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Always position the ladder on stable, level ground that is free from any debris or obstructions that may interfere with its stability.</li> </ul>		
			- Use an appropriate ladder for the task, ensuring that it is the correct height and weight capacity for the job, and meeting all necessary Australian standards.		
3. Ladder positioning	Falls from height, Uneven footing	4A	- Set up the ladder at the correct angle, following the 1:4 rule, which means the base should be 1 meter away from the wall or structure for every 4 meters of height.	3H	
			- Secure the top and bottom of the ladder, if possible, with suitable restraints or braces, to prevent accidental movement or slipping while in use.		
			- Ensure the ladder extends at least one meter above the landing point to provide safe handholds and prevent overreaching when accessing the roof.		
			- Avoid placing the ladder near electrical power lines or other potential hazards that could cause injury or accidents.		



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			- Clearly mark exclusion zones around the base of the ladder with barriers, signs or cones to create a safe workspace for the user and to alert others to the presence of a potential hazard.		
			- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as non-slip footwear, harnesses, helmets and gloves, to reduce thank of slips, trips and falls while climbing and descending the ladder.		
			- Implement proper training and supervision for the aployees using ladders, ensuring they are aware of sofe work practices, the setup, or busage guidelines.		
			- Maintain three points of contain on the ladder at a method.g. two hands and one foot or two feet and a should be have a void carrying here atems or bulky objects while climbing.		
			- Regularly norw and updie Safe with Minord Statements (SWMS) for ladder usage insuring it remain elevant an imprehensive, addressing all specific haza and conclusions sures for roof thing tasks.		
4. Material handling	Manual handling injuries Falling to s	ЗН		2М	



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5. Safety gear usage	Incorrect PPE, PPE failure	2М		1L	



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6. Tiling installation	Cut hazards, Falls from height	4A		ЗН	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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	S				
7. Waterproofing	Slip hazards, Chemical exposure	ЗН		2M	



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	S				
8. Cutting tiles	Hand injuries, Eye injuries, Noise	ЗH		2M	



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10. Quality inspection	Falls from height, Structural insecurity	ЗН		2М	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
11. Anchor points	Fall arrest system allure, Inadequate anchor point place ont	44		ЗН	



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2. De-mobilization	Transportation issues, Manual hand g	2M		1L	

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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES							
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE							
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011         Legislation QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</a> Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Codes of Practice ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a> Codes of Practice ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	Victoria Occupational Health au Safety Act wold Occupational Health and orfety regulations 2017 Legis non VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> ordes of mactice VIC <u>autps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>						
New South Wales         Work Health and Safety Act 2011         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017         Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> rach         Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati-codes</a> rach	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>						
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/weigelace-serve-laws	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>						
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes						
Tasmania         Work Health and Safety Act 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012         Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012         Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012         Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a> Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>	<ul> <li>First aid in the workplace</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>Demolition work</li> <li>Excavation work</li> </ul>						
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	<ul> <li>Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>Construction work</li> </ul>						



#### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

#### SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and are subcontractions) who may be affected by the operation sentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



#### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
			·
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	