

**Reinforcing Bar Former | SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)**

**TASK OR ACTIVITY: Reinforcing Bar Former**

Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	Email:	

**THIS SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY THE PCBU OF THE PROJECT**

Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducting a business or undertaking (PCBU) is required to ensure that a safe work method statement (SWMS) is prepared before the proposed work starts.

Full Name:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS, as well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.

Full Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

**ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS SWMS MUST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED** | **NAME AND DATED SIGNATURE OF ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTED AND COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELOPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS**

	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be scheduled in accordance with legislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, then to communicate those hazards and then to further take steps to either eliminate or control each hazard.			
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must stop immediately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			

**CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS**

Client:	SCOPE OF WORKS Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise known as scope of works).
Project Name:	
Project Address:	
Project Manager:	
Contact Phone:	
Project Manager Signature:	
Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:	

**ANY HIGH-RISK CONSTRUCTION WORK BEING CARRIED OUT**

<input type="checkbox"/> involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on a telecommunication tower.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-bearing.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves demolition of an element related to the physical integrity of a structure.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves, or is likely to involve, disturbing asbestos.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves tilt-up or precast concrete.
<input type="checkbox"/> involves structural alteration or repair that requires temporary supports to prevent collapse.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near a confined space.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in/near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5m or tunnel involving use of explosives.	<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.
<input type="checkbox"/> is carried out in or near water or other liquid that involves a risk of drowning.	<input type="checkbox"/> involves diving work.

**ANY HIGH-RISK MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT NEARBY**

<input type="checkbox"/> Forklift	<input type="checkbox"/> Crane/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Hoist/s	<input type="checkbox"/> Excavator	<input type="checkbox"/> Backhoe/Loader	<input type="checkbox"/> Boom Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> EWP	<input type="checkbox"/> Genie Lift
<input type="checkbox"/> Trencher	<input type="checkbox"/> Drilling Rig	<input type="checkbox"/> Trucks	<input type="checkbox"/> Formwork	<input type="checkbox"/> Bobcat	<input type="checkbox"/> Flammable Gas	<input type="checkbox"/> Fuel	<input type="checkbox"/> Dozer
<input type="checkbox"/> High Voltage	<input type="checkbox"/> Mulcher	<input type="checkbox"/> Tilt-up Panels	<input type="checkbox"/> Roller	<input type="checkbox"/> Scissor Lift	<input type="checkbox"/> Tractor	<input type="checkbox"/> Other -	

**RISK MATRIX**

LIKELIHOOD	INSIGNIFICANT	MINOR	MODERATE	MAJOR	CATASTROPHIC	SCORE	ACTION	HEIRARCHY OF CONTROLS
ALMOST CERTAIN	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Elimination</b> Remove the hazard.
LIKELY	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	4A ACUTE	DO NOT PROCEED	<b>Substitution</b> Replace the hazard.
POSSIBLE	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	4 ACUTE	3H HIGH	Review before work starts.	<b>Isolation</b> Isolate People from the hazard
UNLIKELY	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	4 ACUTE	2M MODERATE	Ensure control measures in place.	<b>Engineering</b> Isolate the hazard.
RARE	1 LOW	1 LOW	2 MODERATE	3 HIGH	3 HIGH	1L LOW	Monitor and keep records	<b>Administrative</b> Change the work. <b>PPE</b>

**Notes on Hierarchy of Controls:** Elimination methods are the most effective and preferred when controlling a hazard. Substitution is the second most effective method of controlling a hazard. Engineering by isolation is the third most effective, while Administrative Controls by changing the work is the fourth most effective method. PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is the least effective method.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

FOOT PROTECTION	HAND PROTECTION	HEAD PROTECTION	HEARING PROTECTION	EYE/FACE PROTECTION	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	FACE PROTECTION	HIGH-VIS CLOTHING	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	FALL PROTECTION	SUN PROTECTION	HAIR/JEWELLERY SECURED
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Select the appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

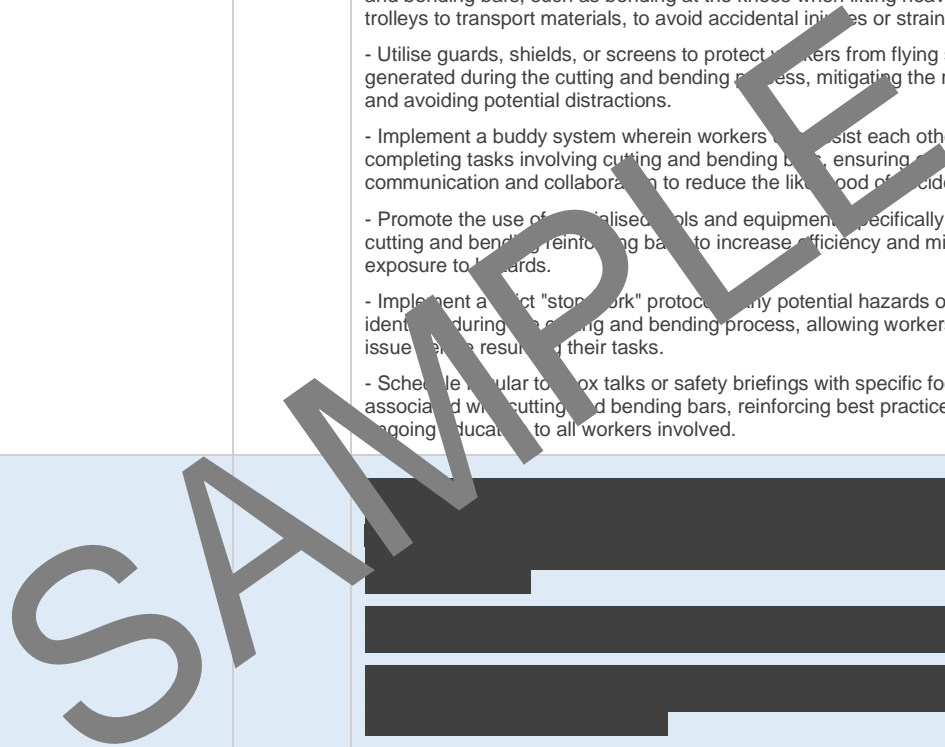
When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS; and,
3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Tripping hazards, Falling objects	2M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Inspect the workplace thoroughly before starting any operations to identify and remove potential tripping hazards, such as loose concrete debris, or equipment left unattended.</li> <li>- Clearly mark uneven or sloped surfaces to alert workers to potential tripping hazards, and ensure that all pathways are well-lit and obstruction-free.</li> <li>- Implement a comprehensive housekeeping program to maintain cleanliness and organisation throughout the work area at all times.</li> <li>- Ensure all workers have undergone proper training on safe work practices and are aware of the specific hazards associated with reinforcing bar forming tasks.</li> <li>- Provide proper personal protective equipment (PPE) for workers, including steel-toed boots and high-visibility vests, to minimize the risk of injury from tripping hazards and falling objects.</li> <li>- Establish designated storage areas for equipment and materials to prevent clutter and disorganization, which can lead to increased tripping hazards.</li> <li>- Utilise barriers and safety signage to alert personnel to restricted work areas and potential hazards, such as falling objects.</li> <li>- Conduct regular safety briefings for all workers, reminding them of the importance of constantly being aware of their surroundings and maintaining vigilance for potential hazards.</li> <li>- Ensure that reinforcing bars are properly cut, bent, and stored to avoid creating any additional hazards in the work environment.</li> <li>- Implement a system of routine inspections to monitor for unsafe conditions or practices, and promptly address any identified hazards to maintain a safe working environment.</li> <li>- Securely brace and support all loads during transportation and storage, using suitable materials to minimise the risk of falling objects.</li> <li>- Plan and communicate lifting activities to ensure that workers are not situated beneath suspended loads, minimising the risk of falling objects causing injury.</li> <li>- Train operators on the safe use of machinery and equipment, including correct loading, lifting, and operating procedures to minimise the possibility of falling objects.</li> <li>- Develop and maintain an effective incident reporting system so that near misses and accidents can be properly investigated, and the appropriate corrective actions taken to prevent future occurrences.</li> </ul>	1L	
2. Material handling	Struck by equipment, Overexertion	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Proper training and supervision: Ensure all workers involved in material handling are adequately trained in safe lifting techniques, equipment operation, and hazard recognition. Supervisors should monitor work practices to confirm adherence to safety procedures.</li> </ul>	2M	

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Personal protective equipment (PPE): All workers must wear appropriate PPE, including high visibility vests, steel-toed boots, gloves, and hard hats to reduce the risk of injury from struck-by hazards and overexertion.</li> <li>- Equipment maintenance and inspection: Regularly inspect and maintain all equipment used for material handling, such as forklifts, hoists, or cranes, to ensure they operate safely and efficiently.</li> <li>- Load capacity limits: Understand and follow the recommended weight limits for all equipment and devices used to lift or transport materials. Do not exceed these limits to prevent accidents caused by overloading.</li> <li>- Clear pathways and work areas: Ensure that all walkways, aisles, and workspaces are free from debris and obstructions, allowing for safe and efficient movement of materials.</li> <li>- Use mechanical aids: When possible, use mechanical lifting aids such as cranes, hoists, or trolleys to reduce the risk of injuries associated with manual lifting and carrying.</li> <li>- Implement team lifting techniques: For heavier or oversized loads that cannot be handled by one person, encourage teamwork by providing training on proper team lifting techniques.</li> <li>- Ergonomic workstations: Design workstations and workspaces to promote optimal posture, reduce repetitive motions, and minimise the potential for overexertion, strain, or fatigue.</li> <li>- Establish safe zones: Identify and mark areas where reinforcing bar materials can be stored, cut, or bent away from main work areas or traffic paths, reducing the likelihood of incidents involving struck-by hazards.</li> <li>- Promote a culture of safety: Encourage open communication between workers, supervisors, and management about workplace safety concerns or suggestions. Regularly review and update safety procedures and training to help create a proactive environment that prioritizes the well-being of all team members.</li> </ul>		
3. Cutting & Bending bars	Hand injuries, Eye injuries	3H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ensure all workers are wearing appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), including steel-toed boots, safety gloves, and eye protection to minimise the risk of hand and eye injuries.</li> <li>- Provide training and instruction on the safe use of tools and machinery for cutting and bending bars, emphasising the importance of following manufacturer guidelines and recommended practices.</li> <li>- Implement regular maintenance checks on all equipment used in cutting and bending bars to ensure they are in proper working condition, free from defects or damage that may lead to accidents.</li> <li>- Establish designated cutting and bending zones in the workplace, with clear demarcations and signage, to prevent unauthorised individuals from entering those areas and to minimise distractions to workers handling these tasks.</li> </ul>	1L	

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Encourage workers to adopt correct body positioning and ergonomics when cutting and bending bars, such as bending at the knees when lifting heavy objects or using trolleys to transport materials, to avoid accidental injuries or strain.</li> <li>- Utilise guards, shields, or screens to protect workers from flying sparks or debris generated during the cutting and bending process, mitigating the risk of eye injuries and avoiding potential distractions.</li> <li>- Implement a buddy system wherein workers assist each other in safely completing tasks involving cutting and bending bars, ensuring effective communication and collaboration to reduce the likelihood of accidents.</li> <li>- Promote the use of specialised tools and equipment specifically designed for cutting and bending reinforcing bars to increase efficiency and minimise worker exposure to hazards.</li> <li>- Implement a strict "stop work" protocol when any potential hazards or risks are identified during the cutting and bending process, allowing workers to address the issues before resuming their tasks.</li> <li>- Schedule regular toolbox talks or safety briefings with specific focus on the hazards associated with cutting and bending bars, reinforcing best practices and providing ongoing education to all workers involved.</li> </ul>		
4. Bar positioning in formwork	Miscommunication, Falls from height	2M	<p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p> <p>[REDACTED]</p>	1L	



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
5. Bar placement coordination	Collision with coworkers, Pinch points	3H	[REDACTED]	2M	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
6. Tie reinforcement	Strain injuries, Noise exposure	2M	[REDACTED]	1L	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
7. Formwork closing	Crushing injuries, Structural collapse	4A	[REDACTED]	3H	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
8. Concreting	Dust exposure, Slip and trip hazards	2M	[REDACTED]	1L	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
9. Curing process	Excessive heat, Chemical burns	2M	[REDACTED]	1L	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
10. Stripping formwork	Falls, Potential collapse	3H	[REDACTED]	2M	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
11. Cutting protruding bars	Hand injuries, Flying debris	3H	[REDACTED]	1L	
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]		
12. Final inspection	Incomplete connections, Inadequate curing	2M	[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]	1L	

SAMPLE

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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		
			[REDACTED]		

SAMPLE

**EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

**LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES**

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES FOR ANY STATE THAT ARE NOT APPLICABLE

<p><b>Queensland &amp; Australian Capital Territory</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011                  Legislation QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</a>                  Codes of Practice QLD: <a href="https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a>                  Legislation ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice ACT: <a href="https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Victoria</b>                  Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004                  Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017                  Legislation VIC: <a href="https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations">https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice VIC: <a href="https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice">https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</a></p>
<p><b>New South Wales</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017                  Legislation NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice NSW: <a href="https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice">https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/list-of-codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Western Australia</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2020                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022                  Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a></p>
<p><b>Northern Territory</b>                  Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011                  Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulations 2011                  Legislation NT: <a href="https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplaces-and-laws">https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/workplaces-and-laws</a>                  Codes of Practice NT: <a href="https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p>	<p><b>Safe Work Australia Links</b>                  Law and Regulation (All States): <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</a>                  Model Codes of Practice: <a href="https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice">https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice</a></p>
<p><b>South Australia</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)                  Legislation for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</a>                  Codes of Practice for SA: <a href="https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs">https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/workplaces/codes-of-practice#COPs</a></p>	<p><b>Model Codes of Practice</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work</li> <li>- Confined spaces</li> <li>- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals</li> <li>- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace</li> <li>- Welding processes</li> <li>- First aid in the workplace</li> <li>- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces</li> <li>- Hazardous manual tasks</li> <li>- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction</li> <li>- Managing electrical risks in the workplace</li> <li>- Demolition work</li> <li>- Excavation work</li> <li>- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination</li> <li>- Managing the work environment and facilities</li> <li>- How to manage work health and safety risks</li> <li>- Managing risks of plant in the workplace</li> <li>- Construction work</li> </ul>
<p><b>Tasmania</b>                  Work Health and Safety Act 2012                  Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012                  Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012                  Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012                  Legislation for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations</a>                  Codes of Practice for TAS: <a href="https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice">https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</a></p> <p>Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Permits from local council</li> <li>- Authorisation to commence work</li> <li>- Any required documents.</li> </ul>	



**SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT**

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		
			Date:		

**SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW**

**The SWMS must be reviewed regularly** to make sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are needed. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

**The SWMS must be monitored regularly** for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

1. Spot Checks.
2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							

**SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST**

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effective solutions.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the implementation of control measures.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Work at Heights etc.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be used.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience, training, skills required to perform the work.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Lists any required permits or licenses.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<b>REVIEWED BY</b>		<b>DATE REVIEWED</b>	
<b>SIGNATURE</b>		<b>DATE COMPLETED</b>	