

Photocopier S	AFE WORK METHOD STA	FEMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Photocopie	er	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E. pil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducte proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N_RU) is	required to thurs at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	vs and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED		ALL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, condition of unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the steps to either t	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).						
Project Manager	:										
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.					
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			is carried out on o	☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.						
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Tripping over cables, Poor ergonomics	2М	 Ensure proper housekeeping: Keep the workplace clean and free of clutter to avoid possible trip hazards such as cables, extension cord for other equipment lying on the floor. Use cable covers: Cover and secure loos or as and cords using cord covers or cable management systems to prevent tripper over that. Appropriate lighting: Maintain adequate lighting the photocopying area to ensure visibility of any obstacles and promote a safe woring environment. Proper storage of materials: The boxes, supplies and order materials in designated areas to access the provide maining the employer on safety measures for handling office equipment, including holding to employer on safety measures for handling office equipment, including holding to employer on movement around the machine. Post such hotoccur estrategically: Place the photocopier in a low-traffic area of the workp rescue dense there is sufficient room for movement around the machine. Install inti-house mang: Utilise anti-fatigue mats in the photocopying area to reduce stain o anomployees who may need to stand while using the machine. Ensura e frequent breaks: Establish a policy that encourages employees to take short's the photocopier, chairs, tables, and other surrounding equipment, to ensure ergonomically sound design. Promote proper lifting techniques: Instruct employees on correct lifting procedures, such as bending at the knees and keeping the back straight when lifting heavy objects like paper reams. Implement a regular inspection routine: Regularly inspect the workspace and equipment, ensuring all items are in good condition, and rectify any potential hazards promptly. 	1L	
2. Loading paper	Papercuts, Lifting heavy paper stacks	1L	 Proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure employees wear safety gloves to minimise the risk of papercuts when handling paper sheets and loading the photocopier. Use of proper lifting techniques: Educate employees on the correct methods to lift heavy paper stacks, such as bending at the knees, keeping the back straight, and avoiding twisting movements during lifts. Maintain an organised workplace: Keep workspaces clear of clutter and obstacles that could increase the likelihood of workers tripping while carrying heavy loads. 	1L	



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			 Load smaller paper stacks: Encourage employees to load multiple smaller stacks of paper instead of a single large stack, reducing stress on their bodies due to lifting heavy loads. Implement weight limits: Establish maximum eight limits for paper stacks employees are allowed to lift, ensuring the environment of carry excessively heavy loads. Use lifting aids: Provide manual or mechanication graids, such as hand trucks or trolleys to assist employees with moving heavy projects at a standard trucks or trolleys to assist employees with moving heavy projects and trucks or trolleys to assist employees with moving heavy projects in while project excessively heavy loads. Encourage teamwork: Prome group efforts in while project workers cooperate to handle larger paper and safely bach carrying a mangeable weight. Regular breactmand stretung: Enclurage error yees to take short breaks and perform light retches to help prevendues utrains and other injuries associated with restitive utions. Wolker eigenetics training: Provide ongoing education in workplace ergonenies to ident a common hazards and help employees adapt their workspaces accord gly, ducing the potential for injury. Monito and a stretwork are a reasonable pace, including the duration they spend load, they are into the photocopier. Clear signadge and communication: Clearly display posters or signs explaining the single techniques for lifting heavy objects and the risks of paper-related injuries, and maximal open lines of communication between employees and supervisors regarding safety concerns. 		
3. Toner replacement	Inhalation of toner particles, Spillage	2М	 Proper Training: Ensure that all employees who have to replace the toner are properly trained on the right procedure, handling, and disposal of toner cartridges to minimise exposure to toner particles. Use of PPE: Require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as gloves, safety goggles, and masks during the toner replacement process to reduce the risk of inhalation and contact with the toner particles. Ventilation: Make sure that the photocopying area has adequate ventilation to help disperse any airborne toner particles and maintain good air quality. Correct Storage: Store toner cartridges in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight and food sources, to avoid spillage and potential contamination. Spill Response Plan: Develop and implement a spill response plan to safely clean up toner spills and effectively manage the related hazards. 	1L	



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			- Safe Disposal: Dispose of used toner cartridges according to manufacturer instructions or in designated disposal containers to prevent accidental release of toner particles.		
			- Signage: Place clear and visible warning sign wear the photocopier about the hazards associated with is toner replacement and instructions for correct PPE usage.		
			- Reporting Incidents: Encourage employees to the any incidents while replacing toner and take necessary sters to analyse and him take future in s.		
			- Regular Review: Periodically valuate the effective associatese control measures and update them to any ounges in working conclusions, technology, or regulations.		
4. Paper jam removal	Burns from hot construction, mingers caught	ЗН		2М	



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5. Adjusting settings	Glare from displaysupproper settings	ΤL		1L	



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6. Scanning documents	Challenging ergonomics, Misplaceme of documents			1L	



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7. Collating and stapling	Staple injuries, Fingenerating	PM		1L	



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8. Maintenance checks	Electrical shock, St	BН		2М	

Version 2.5



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9. Troubleshooting	Untrained users, Inappropriate repairs	4A		ЗН	



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10. Cleaning surfaces	Chemical exposure, Detergent allergies	2M		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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11. Machine transportation	Heavy lifting, Collision with other equipment	ЗН		2М	



HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
			RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
edges, Unsafe handling of waste	ЗН		1L	
e	edges, Unsafe handling of waste	edges, Unsafe handling of waste	edges, Unsafe handling of waste	edges, Unsale handling of waste



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE RE	FERENCES					
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGIS	SLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE					
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	Victoria Occupational Health and Safety Act and 4 Occupational Health and Safety Act and 4 Legis from VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- tulations</u> Codes on wactice VIC <u>attps://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>					
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>					
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sector-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-sector-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u> Model Codes of Practice					
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legilation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes					
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 Weiting processes First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination 					
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work - Any required documents.	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work 					



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			t te:		
			Date:		

SAL WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and area of the process should be carried out in s and subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED		
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		