

Lawn Scarifier S	SAFE WORK METHOD STA	TEMENT (SWMS)	
Т	ASK OR ACTIVITY: Lawn Scarifi	er	
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E fil:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (r 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE BI PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with agislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions are or conditions.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		CL	IENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR D	DETAILS				
Client:						SCOPE OF WORKS			
Project Name:				Provide a detailed description	n of the specific work being	carried out (otherwise			
Project Address:					known as cope of works).				
Project Manager:									
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager Sig	gnature:								
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:								
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT				
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.					
is carried out on a te	lecommunication tower.		is carried out on	is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
☐ involves demolition of	of an element of a structure	that is load-be		is carried out on	is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.				
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	☐ is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			☐ is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	☐ is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.				
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY				
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift		
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer		
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -			





FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

Note: A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Unstable equipment, Slips and Falls	2M	 Perform a thorough inspection of the lawn scarifier and other tools before commencing work to ensure they are in good working condition and stable. Clear the work area of any debris, obstacles a suppery substances that might lead to slips, trips, or falls. Ensure the ground surface at the work locar a is learn and free from any potential hazards such as holes or uneven terrain. Wear appropriate personal a nective equipment PPE) such a slip-resistant footwear, gloves, and safety goodes to mitigate the ask an juries during the preparation phase. Place warning agns, barned et applies to mitigate the ask an juries during the preparation phase. Ensure the law ascarifes wheels, blaces, belts, and engine components are proper as liusted, an cated, and functioning per manufacturer guidelines. Train on as on the correct operation and handling of the lawn scarifier, including how to a felly anapolic position, and secure the equipment to avoid instability. Incours the stable employ proper body mechanics and ergonomic techniques who sliftling or moving heavy equipment, utilising relevant lifting aids if necessary. Implemental a policy requiring team members to report any equipment malfunctions hazards immediately to their supervisor, halting work until the issue is resolved. Regularly review and update the SWMS, providing ongoing training and support to ensure all workers are informed and compliant with updated health and safety requirements. 	1L	
2. Pre-Start Inspection	Faulty equipment, Operator injury	2M	 Regular maintenance: Ensure that lawn scarifiers are regularly maintained, inspected, and serviced according to the manufacturer's recommendations to prevent equipment failure or malfunction. Pre-start inspection checklist: Develop and implement a pre-start inspection checklist to be completed by the operator before using the lawn scarifier. The checklist should cover critical components such as engine, blades, wheels, and controls. Training and competency: Provide adequate training to operators on the safe usage of lawn scarifiers, including pre-start inspections, hazard identification, and emergency procedures. Fault reporting and repair: Implement a fault reporting system that allows operators to report any defects or faults identified during their pre-start inspection. Faulty equipment should be repaired or replaced before use. Proper protective equipment (PPE): Ensure operators wear appropriate PPE while conducting a pre-start inspection, including gloves, safety boots, and high-visibility clothing. 	1L	



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			- Safe lifting techniques: Train operators in safe manual handling techniques when conducting maintenance tasks, such as replacing blades or adjusting equipment components, to minimise the risk of injury.		
			- Keep work area clean: Ensure the immediate and area is clear of debris, hazards, and obstacles that may pose a risk during the pre-start inspection or operation of the lawn scarifier.		
			- Adequate lighting: Ensure the pre-start insperence has sufficient lighting to enable operators to identify potential hazards or alty componence effectively.		
			- Manufacturer guidelines: Operators should always ferrome manufacturer's guidelines for safe company, many enance, and recompended pre-start inspection procedures.		
			- Communication and constraints: Enural open communication between team members and magent regarding utal risks, hazards, or necessary control meast during a start inspection process.		
			- Tool no uipme storage: Ensure all potentially hazardous tools and equipment used doing a-stant spections, such as wrenches, screwdrivers, or replacement parts, a sant stored vay when not in use.		
			inspecies to ensure compliance with safety procedures, identify potential azards, at support operators in managing risks effectively.		
			- Conduct a pre-start inspection of equipment before each use to ensure it is in good working condition and free from any fuel leaks, damaged components or other issues that could lead to accidents during transport.		
			- Maintain all equipment regularly, including checking and maintaining correct levels of oil, fuel, and coolant, keeping tyres inflated to the recommended pressure, and ensuring brakes, steering and other critical systems are functioning properly.		
			- Train workers in proper handling techniques and safe lifting methods to prevent back strains or injury due to overexertion during movement of equipment.		
3. Moving Equipment	Accidents during transport, Fuel leakage	3H	- Ensure operators possess the necessary qualifications, licenses, and training to safely operate the lawn scarifier and any transport vehicles they may be using.	2M	
			- Develop and implement clear procedures for loading, securing, and unloading equipment onto transport vehicles, with checks in place to confirm all steps have been followed correctly.		
			- Utilise appropriate equipment, such as ramps, trolleys or hoists, to make moving equipment easier and safer, minimising the risk of slips, trips or falls.		
			- Keep the work area clean and free of debris to create a safer environment for moving equipment, reducing slip and trip hazards.		



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			- Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) during the moving process, including gloves, steel-toed boots, and high-visibility clothing, to reduce the risk of injury.		
			- Implement spill response plans to manage fur a kage incidents, including the prompt cleaning and containment of spills the correct disposal of contaminated materials.		
			- Establish designated pathways and travel roumoving equipment through the worksite, ensuring these are clearly marked, we and free from obstructions.		
			- Communicate planned move ants with all team in the ensuring everyone involved is aware of the signal pathways, timing a potential hazards, and can take any necessary precauting to feguard themselves and others.		
4. Setting Up	Improper setup, Electrocution	зн		2M	



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•				
Noise pollution, Flag debri	ЗН		1L	
	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE INITIAL RISK SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS RESIDUAL RISK RESIDUAL RISK RESIDUAL RISK



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SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
6. Area Assessment	Uneven terrain, Buried h.	2M		1L	



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7. Machine Operation	Rapid blade contact, Entanglement	4A		ЗН	



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8. Maintenance & Cleaning	Cuts from blades, Exposure to hazardous materials	3H		1L	



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9. Refueling	Fuel spills, Fire hazard	2M		1L	



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10. Storage	Inadequate space, Environmental hazards	2M		1L	



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11. Emergency Procedures	Inadequate emergency training, Operator panic	ЗН		2M	



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12. Disposal & Recycling	Incorrect disposal, Environmental contamination	2M		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

Queensland & Australian Capital Territory

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

 $\textbf{Legislation QLD:} \ \underline{\textbf{https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws}$

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

New South Wales

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislations/leg

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis

Northern Territory

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/5

South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occupational Health and Infety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.safe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>Julai.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation

Codes of Practice WA: https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice

Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

Model Codes of Practice

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow arry sale work instruction									
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor		
				Date:					
				_					
				Date					
				l te:					
			AV	Date:					
				Date:					
				Date:					
				Date:					
	SAL WC A STHED STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW								
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to revise it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure and subcontract is review by process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontract is) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who received that work group at the workplace. When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.			The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to: 1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis. An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.						
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	<u> </u>	□ 3	<u></u> 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7		
NAME									
INITIALS									
DATE									



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P		
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWI			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent of contameasures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vorat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u d.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed at noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE R	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CC	MPLETED	