

Guillotine SA	FE WORK METHOD STATE	EMENT (SWMS)	
	TASK OR ACTIVITY: Guillotine		
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#
Business Address: [Company Address]			
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E Ail:	
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE PL J OF THE PROJECT	
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conducte proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N_3U) is	required to thurshart a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before
Full Name:			
Signature:		Title:	Date:
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS, well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.	
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A COMMUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conduct on unical those hazards and then to further take steps to either chare or contal eachazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must study unately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.			
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.			
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.			



		C	LIENT OR PRINCIPAL	CONTRACTOR DE	TAILS				
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS				
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise		
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).				
Project Manager	:								
Contact Phone:									
Project Manager	Signature:								
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:							
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT				
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	near pressurised gas main	s or piping.			
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			☐ is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.					
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.					
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.					
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.					
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.					
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.					
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.				
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY				
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift		
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer		
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -			







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Poor workplace setup, Improper training	2М	 Proper workstation setup: Ensure that the guillotine is set up in a well-lit, designated space with ample room for workers to more freely while handling materials. Ergonomic assessment: Conduct an ergonauc evaluation of the workstation to minimise the risk of strains and other injurie claused but of ergonomics while operating the guillotine. Comprehensive training programme: Implement thorough training programme for employees using the guillotin ensure they are in wiledon are about its safe operation, maintenance, and entreprocedures. Clear signage: toplay our signate near the cullotine, highlighting safety precautions, more and entreprocedures. Preference check Dono pa comprehensive checklist for workers to follow before using the utillotine neuring that all safety features, guards, and mechanisms are in properion of orde. Preference check Dono pa comprehensive checklist for workers to follow before using the utillotine neuring that all safety features, guards, and mechanisms are in properion of orde. Preson intenance is a previous a constant visual reminder for the suillotine ensure that any worn or damaged parts are replaced promptly and positial tracks we mitigated. Person protective Equipment (PPE): Require workers operating the guillotine to are appropriate PPE such as safety glasses, gloves, and dust masks to reduce the number injury. Supervision: Ensure that a qualified supervisor is present during guillotine operations to monitor safe work practices, correct any unsafe behaviour, and provide guidance as needed. Emergency protocols: Establish clear emergency protocols for instances of equipment malfunction, accidents, or other emergencies that may occur while using the guillotine. Continuous improvement: Encourage open communication and feedback from workers regarding guillotine safety and implement any necessary improvements based on their input to create a safer work environment. 	1L	
2. Inspection	Misaligned components, Damaged equipment	ЗH	 Conduct a thorough pre-operational inspection of the guillotine to ensure all components are properly aligned and functioning correctly, eliminating any potential risk of misaligned parts causing accidents. Develop and implement regular maintenance schedules for the guillotine to proactively identify and address any issues with misaligned components or damaged equipment before they pose a hazard. Provide adequate training and competence validation for operators to ensure they can properly assess the equipment and identify any potential hazards, reducing the likelihood of misaligned components going unnoticed during inspections. 	2M	



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			 Establish clear guidelines on how to handle misaligned or damaged components, including instructions on reporting the issue to supervisors and immediate shutdown procedures to prevent further damage or injury. 		
			- Implement a visual tagging system, such as the out/tagout, to alert workers if a guillotine has been deemed unsafe for user all repairs have been conducted.		
			- Make sure all safety guards and protective vices can as light curtains or two- hand controls, are in proper working condition, and gexposure to hazards is minimised in case of misaligned components or vanaged equivalent.		
			- Consider designating an area round the guillotine is rejucted access, making it accessible only to an include the innel who have be paralined in identifying hazards and following contact procedures.		
			- Encourage on communation and generates so that potential hazards related to miss aned communents or decayed equipment are reported and address tiquick. For sing a culture of safety awareness.		
			- Incompose period assessments of inspection methods and control measures into your we kplue health and safety programme to evaluate their effectiveness and identify opone ities for approvement.		
	1		ep de ailed to ords of all inspections, completed maintenance, and incident report rested to the guillotine, ensuring there is a paper trail documenting steps aken to orgate identified risks and allowing for an analysis of trends that may pose emerging hazards.		
			Conduct a thorough inspection of the equipment before each shift, ensuring that all safety guards are in place, properly installed, and functioning correctly.		
			- Confirm that the equipment has been recently serviced and maintained by a qualified professional according to manufacturer recommendations.		
			- Train all operators on the importance of checking for missing or damaged safety guards and how to identify potential electrical hazards during pre-start checks.		
3. Pre-start checks	Missing safety guards, Electrical hazards	ЗH	- Keep an up-to-date record of inspections and maintenance performed on the guillotine, and ensure all workers have access to and understand these records.	1L	
			 Display clear visual aids and signage around the workplace emphasising the importance of pre-start checks, highlighting specific hazards related to missing safety guards and electrical hazards. 		
			- Ensure that the work area surrounding the guillotine is free from debris, liquids, and any other objects that may create electrical hazards or interfere with the proper functioning of safety guards.		
			- Verify that all power cables, connections, and switches are in good working condition, with no visible damage or fraying wires.		



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			- Implement a lockout/tagout procedure when performing maintenance and repairs on the guillotine to ensure that the equipment remains powered off and secured until work is complete.		
			- Provide personal protective equipment (PPE) on as gloves, safety glasses, and hearing protection to workers operating or conving near the guillotine, minimising the potential impact of hazards if they do occur.		
			- Conduct regular toolbox talks and safety meet a cor all workers to reiterate the importance of conducting pre-start checks, identicing hazards and maintaining a safe working environment are of the guillotine. En ouragement communication and reporting of any issues promptive		
4. Material selection Handling heavy loads, unarp edges	2M		1L		



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5. Guillotine adjustments Crush injury, Movilu parts entangleme	ЗН		2M		
adjustments					



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6. Machine operation	Flying debris, Excessive noise	2M		1L	



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7. Guillotine maintenance	Mechanical failure, bnexpected machine start-up	4A		2М	



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3. Blade replacement	Sharp blade injury, Defective tools	ЗН		1L	

Version 2.5

Date of Issue:



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9. Material stacking	Falling objects, Overloading	2М		1L	



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10. Waste disposal	Tripping hazards, Cuts fur ebrawaste material	2М		1L	



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11. Stock organisation	Manual lifting injury, Poor storage practices	2M		1L	



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12. Guillotine shut- down	Improper lockout/tagout, Unintended energization	ЗН		1L	

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	5				



EMERGENCY RESPONSE – CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE F	REFERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	SISLATIVE REFERENCES ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Action 04 Octopational Health and Infetty regulations 2017 Legismon VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- rulations</u> Codes on mactice VIC <u>artips://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislatic	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation, 201, Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fecture-serve-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): • Permits from local council • Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Dat		
			t te:		
			Date:		

SAL WO A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and area of the process should be carried out in s and subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who received that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imement of cont, measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wey, Electrical Work, Verat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up t.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed approved on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE CO	MPLETED	