

Coil Former Steel Reinforcing SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS)										
TASK OR ACTIVITY: Coil Former Steel Reinforcing										
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#							
Business Address: [Company Address]										
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E ail:								
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE P OF THE PROJECT								
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conductive proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (k 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	statement (SWMS) is prepared before							
Full Name:										
Signature:		Title:	Date:							
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring	compliance of the SWMS, well as review	s and modifications of the SWMS.								
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:							
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B OPMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND							
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched ed in accordance with egislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, condition of those hazards and then to further take steps to either chare or contract whazard.	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE							
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must supervised by the mately. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.										
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.										
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.										



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS											
Client:					SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:							k being carried out (otherwise				
Project Address:				ŀ	known as cope of works).						
Project Manager	:										
Contact Phone:											
Project Manager	Signature:										
Date SWMS sup	plied to Project Manag	er:									
		ANY HIG	H-RISK CON TUCT		ARRIED OUT						
involves a risk of	a person falling more than	2 meters.		is carried out on of	is carried out on or near pressurised gas mains or piping.						
is carried out on	a telecommunication tower			is carried out on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines.							
involves demoliti	on of an element of a struct	ure that is load-be		☐ is carried out on or near energised electrical installations or services.							
involves demoliti	on of an element related to	the physical integrit of a st	ir e,	is carried out in an area that may have a contaminated or flammable atmosphere.							
involves, or is like	ely to involve, disturbing a	estos.		involves tilt-up or precast concrete.							
involves structura	al alteration or repair that re	mporan upp to	prevent collapse.	is carried out on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or other traffic corridor.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near a confined space.			is carried out in an area of a workplace where there is any movement of powered mobile plant.							
☐ is carried out in/r	near a shaft or trench deepe	er than 1.5m or tunnel involv	ving use of explosives.	is carried out in areas with artificial extremes of temperature.							
☐ is carried out in c	or near water or other liquid	that involves a risk of drown	ning.	involves diving wo	rk.						
		ANY	HIGH-RISK MACHINE	RY OR EQUIPMENT	NEARBY						
Forklift	Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	Excavator	Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	EWP	Genie Lift				
Trencher	Drilling Rig	Trucks		Bobcat	E Flammable Gas	Fuel	Dozer				
High Voltage	Mulcher	Tilt-up Panels	Roller	Scissor Lift	Tractor	Other -					







JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
1. Preparation	Falling materials, Tripping hazards	ЗН	 Ensure proper housekeeping by keeping the workspace clean and organised, minimising the accumulation of debris or clutter which could cause tripping hazards. Utilise appropriate signage in work areas to organizate possible hazards clearly and effectively, making personnel aware of organizate possible hazards clearly and effectively, making personnel aware of organizations or all materials is preventioned or dislodging items. Implement a well-planned storage system insteel and organizate, including designated locations for all materials to preventing or dislodging items. Use physical barriers such of fencing, guardrain or barricor to protect against falling materials and restrict across to hazardous a use. Conduct regular comparent inspections to identify and address any potential issues that may contribute to accounts intucing falling atterials or tripping hazards. Provide works with appropriate percentrotective equipment (PPE), such as safety of switch percentant soles, high visibility vests, and helmets, to mitigate possile action protocols among team members, ensuring that everyon is a are of unoping tasks and potential hazards within the workspace. Train ecologie on proper handling and lifting techniques to reduce the risk of injulies of accidents caused by inadequate material handling practices. Develop to comprehensive emergency response plan, allowing for quick and cisive action in the event of an accident or safety incident. Regularly review and update safety procedures and guidelines, incorporating any new information or industry best practices, to continually improve the safety culture within the worksite. Schedule periodic safety meetings, toolbox talks, or pre-shift briefings to review safety-first mindset. Encourage employees to report any safety hazards or incidents they witness, fostering an accountable and proactive safety culture that promotes prompt resolution of potential risks. 	2М	
2. Equipment check	Electrical malfunctions, Pinch points	2M	 Inspection and maintenance: Regularly check all electrical components of the equipment for any visible damage, such as fraying cables or loose connections. Schedule periodic maintenance to ensure the optimal functioning of the equipment. Lockout/Tagout procedures: Implement lockout/tagout procedures for equipment undergoing repair or maintenance to prevent unintentional energising that could cause electrical malfunctions. Employee training: Train workers to understand the risks associated with the improper use of equipment, how to identify potential hazards, and correct operating procedures for safe usage. 	1L	



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			 Use guards and barriers: Install appropriate guards or barriers to restrict access to pinch points where contact with moving parts could lead to injuries, such as crushing or amputation. Emergency stop controls: Ensure that emergency stop controls are easily accessible and maintained in proper workin condition to allow quick cessation of operation in case of an unforeseen hazard. Signage and communication: Display clear were signs near the work area to indicate the potential hazards associated with the nachinery, entaining the use of personal protective equipment PPE), and to design the rest and areas. Use of PPE: Provide the endow the use of necession PPE, such as gloves, safety glasses, and high sibility, sits, to minimise the tisk of injuries from electrical malfunctions are planed or obstructions. Cleant and or mised were space: Kee the work area clean and clutter-free to reduce a likeline of obstructions. Work with endody of tem: Encourage workers to collaborate and communicate during the open tion on outprement, so they can watch each other's back and provide resistant if new ed, reducing the likelihood of accidents occurring. Incomposition on potential hazards. Review these reports regularly to track and s and implement corrective actions to continuously improve safety measures. 		
3. Site set-up	Uneven ground, Collisions with machinery	ЗН	 Conduct a thorough pre-start site inspection to identify uneven ground and potential obstacles, marking any problem areas with high-visibility flags or signage. Implement a traffic management plan to define clear pathways for machinery and workers, reducing the risk of collisions with machinery. Provide all site personnel with appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as high-visibility vests, steel-toed boots, and hard hats, to minimise injury in case of accidents. Utilise a designated spotter during machinery operation within the site set-up area, whose sole responsibility is to ensure the safe movement of equipment and prevent collisions with other objects or personnel. Ensure that all site personnel undergo relevant WHS training, including awareness of workplace hazards and the correct use of PPE, before commencing work on the project. Establish an exclusion zone around any operating machinery, to keep uninvolved staff and visitors out of harm's way and avoid accidental collisions or incidents. Conduct regular tool-box talks on-site to keep personnel informed about potential hazards and control measures, reinforcing their importance and promoting a culture of safety. 	2М	



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			- Develop and implement an effective communication protocol between machine operators and ground staff, using two-way radios or hand signals, to ensure everyone understands their roles and responsibilities and can communicate effectively to avoid accidents.		
			- Regularly inspect and maintain all machine cand associated landscaping equipment to ensure it is in good operating addition are coperly functioning, minimising the risk of malfunction-related inclusives		
			- Encourage a "Speak-Up" culture, where site personnel are encowered to report unsafe conditions, unrecognic chazards, or require timpromatents to site set-up, ensuring all concerns are addressed promptly and contracting to a safer working environment.		
4. Material handling	Manual handling injuwer, stored energy release	ЗН		2M	

Date of Issue:



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5. Coil forming	Entanglements, Crum points	4A		ЗН	
Cutting	Sharp edges, Noise hazards	3H		2M	



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7. Bending	Repetitive strain, Over	2		1L	

Version 2.5



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8. Welding	Welding fumes, Eyesuaries			2М	



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9. Inspection	Improper use of tools, Inconver work procedures	ЗН		2М	



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10. Packaging	Contact with equipment, Manual handling injuries	ЗН		2М	

Version 2.5



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11. Transport	Vehicle-pedestrian interactions, Load shift	ЗН		2M	



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12. Clean up	Exposures to hazardous substances, Fumes	ЗН		1L	



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EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

LEGISLATIVE F	REFERENCES
RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEG	GISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE
Queensland & Australian Capital Territory Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011 Legislation QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws</u> Codes of Practice QLD: <u>https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Legislation ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u> Codes of Practice ACT: <u>https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice</u>	Victoria Octopational Health and Safety Action 04 Octopational Health and pafety regulations 2017 Legisloon VIC: <u>https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and- gulated solutional-health-and-safety-act-and- gulated solutional-health-act-act-act-act-act- gulated solutional-health-act-act-act-act-act-act-act-act- gulated solutional-health-act-act-act-act-act-act-act-act-act-act</u>
New South Wales Work Health and Safety Act 2011 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017 Legislation NSW: <u>https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati</u> Codes of Practice NSW: <u>https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis</u>	Western Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2020 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022 Legislation Western Australia: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</u> Codes of Practice WA: <u>https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</u>
Northern Territory Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011 Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 2011 Legislation NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/worplace-serve-laws</u> Codes of Practice NT: <u>https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/fecture-serve-laws</u>	Safe Work Australia Links Law and Regulation (All States): <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation</u> Model Codes of Practice: <u>https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model- codes-of-practice</u>
South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA) Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA) Legislation for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/legislation</u> Codes of Practice for SA: <u>https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work_saces/codes-of-practice#COPs</u>	Model Codes of Practice - Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work - Confined spaces - Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals - Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace - Welding processes
Tasmania Work Health and Safety Act 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012 Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012 Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice	 First aid in the workplace Managing the risk of falls at workplaces Hazardous manual tasks Managing the risk of falls in housing construction Managing electrical risks in the workplace Demolition work Excavation work
Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required): - Permits from local council - Authorisation to commence work	 Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination Managing the work environment and facilities How to manage work health and safety risks Managing risks of plant in the workplace Construction work

- Any required documents.



SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Worker Name	Position	Signature	Date	Time	Supervisor
			Date:		
			Datu		
			ı te:		
			Date:		

SAF WC A STHUD STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW

The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to review the sure it remains revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are a conconsultation with workers (including contractors are subcontract of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who re workplace.

ke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and acception of the process should be carried out in s any subcontract s) who may be affected by the operation esentatives who recented that work group at the

When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.

The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:

- 1. Spot Checks.
- 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors.
- 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.

An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.

REVIEW NUMBER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
NAME							
INITIALS							
DATE							



SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.			
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		P	
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.			
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.			
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.			
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.			
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.			
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN			
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.			
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.			
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the impement of continue measures.			
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Wren Electrical Work, Versat Heights etc.			
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be up.			
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed ar noted on the SWMS.			
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience vaining skills required to perform the work.			
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.			
Lists any required permits or licenses.			
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.			
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.			
REVIEWED BY	DATE RI	EVIEWED	
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED		