

Abrasive Blasting and Co	pating   SAFE WORK METH	OD STATEMENT (SWMS)						
TASK OR	R ACTIVITY: Abrasive Blasting an	d Coating						
Business Name: [Company Name]		ABN: [ABN]	SWMS#					
Business Address: [Company Address]								
Contact Person:	Phone: [Phone]	E 111:						
THIS SAFE WORK METHOD	STATEMENT IS APPROVED BY	THE POST THE PROJECT						
Under the Work Health and Safety Regulation (WHS Regulation), a person conduct the proposed work starts.	cting a business or undertaking (N 3U) is	required to ture at a safe work method s	tatement (SWMS) is prepared before					
Full Name:								
Signature:		Title:	Date:					
Details of the person(s) responsible for ensuring implementation, monitoring and compliance of the SWMS well as reviews and modifications of the SWMS.								
Full Name:		Title:	Phone:					
ALL PERSONNEL PARTICIPATING IN ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS WMS. ST HAVE THE FOLLOWING COMMUNICATED	N. 1E AND DATED SIGNATURE OF A CO. MUNICATED TO IN THE DEVELO	LL RELEVANT PERSONNEL WHO HAVE B PMENT AND APPROVAL OF THIS SWMS	EEN CONSULTED AND					
Safety meetings or toolbox talks will be sched and in accordance with regislative requirements to first identify any site hazards, conditions in those hazards and then to further take steps to either the conditions of the condit	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE					
If an incident or a near miss occurs, all work must standardly. Depending on the severity of the incident, a meeting will be called with all workers to amend the SWMS if required. The meeting may also be an educational opportunity.								
Any changes made to the SWMS after an incident or a near miss must be approved by the Person Conducting Business or Undertaking and communicated to all relevant personnel.								
The SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection at least until the work is completed. Where a SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to which the SWMS relates, then the SWMS must be kept for at least two years from the occurrence of the notifiable incident.								



CLIENT OR PRINCIPAL CONTRACTOR DETAILS										
Client:				SCOPE OF WORKS						
Project Name:					Provide a detailed description of the specific work being carried out (otherwise					
Project Address:				known as cope of works).						
Project Manager:										
Project Address:  Project Manager:  Contact Phone:  Project Manager Signature:  Date SWMS supplied to Project Manager:  ANY HIGH-RISK CON  involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters.  is carried out on a telecommunication tower.										
Project Manager Sig	gnature:									
Date SWMS supplie	ed to Project Manager:									
		ANY HIGH	RISK CON PUCT	N' JRK BEING	CARRIED OUT					
☐ involves a risk of a p	erson falling more than 2 n	neters.		is carried out on	or near pressurised gas mains	s or piping.				
☐ involves a risk of a person falling more than 2 meters. ☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower.				is carried out on	or near chemical, fuel or refrig	erant lines.				
☐ is carried out on a telecommunication tower. ☐ involves demolition of an element of a structure that is load-be n.				is carried out on	or near energised electrical in	stallations or services.				
☐ involves demolition of	of an element related to the	e physical integril of a str	3	is carried out in	an area that may have a conta	minated or flammable atmo	sphere.			
☐ involves, or is likely t	o involve, disturbing a es	stos.		☐ involves tilt-up o	r precast concrete.					
☐ involves structural al	teration or repair that re	mporal, upp to p	prevent collapse.	is carried out on	, in or adjacent to a road, railwa	ay, shipping lane or other tr	affic corridor.			
is carried out in or ne	ear a confined space.			is carried out in	an area of a workplace where t	there is any movement of po	owered mobile plant.			
☐ is carried out in/near	a shaft or trench deeper th	nan 1.5m or tunnel involvir	ng use of explosives.	is carried out in	areas with artificial extremes of	f temperature.				
is carried out in or ne	ear water or other liquid tha	at involves a risk of drowning	ng.	involves diving v	vork.					
		ANY H	IGH-RISK MACHINER	RY OR EQUIPMEN	NT NEARBY					
☐ Forklift	☐ Crane/s	☐ Hoist/s	☐ Excavator	☐ Backhoe/Loader	Boom Lift	□ EWP	☐ Genie Lift			
☐ Trencher	☐ Drilling Rig	Trucks	Formwork	☐ Bobcat	☐ Flammable Gas	☐ Fuel	☐ Dozer			
☐ High Voltage	☐ Mulcher	☐ Tilt-up Panels	Roller	☐ Scissor Lift	☐ Tractor	☐ Other -				





#### FOOT HAND **HEAD HEARING** SPIRATORY FACE HIGH-VIS **PROTECTIVE** FALL SUN HAIR/JEWELLERY CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION** PROTECTION **PROTECTION** PROTE DTECTION **PROTECTION** CLOTHING **PROTECTION PROTECTION SECURED**

Select me appropriate PPE above suitable for the equipment used or the job task being performed (if applicable).

**Note:** A SWMS must be reviewed regularly to make sure it remains effective. A SWMS must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measures are revised. The review process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors and subcontractors) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who represented that work group at the workplace.

When a SWMS has been revised, the person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure all:

- 1. persons involved in the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS;
- 2. persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS: and.
- 3. workers that will be involved in the work are provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.



JOB STEP	POTENTIAL HAZARDS	IR	CONTROL MEASURES	RR	RESPONSIBLE PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS	HAZARDS THAT MAY ARISE	INITIAL RISK	SPECIFIC MEASURES TO BE PUT IN PLACE TO ELIMINATE OR CONTROL THE RISKS	RESIDUAL RISK	NAME OF PERSON
SPECIFIC WORK STEPS  1. Preparation	Poor ventilation, tripping hazards		- Ensure the blasting area is well-ventilated by implementing proper ventilation systems such as exhaust fans, ducts, and air intake onts.  - Clearly mark and designate abrasive blasting of a powder coating zones to avoid cross-contamination of dust and debris.  - Keep all walkways, aisles, and workspaces of an archee from trip hazards, such as cords and hoses.  - Regularly check for and retracte any accumulate a tebris or across which could lead to tripping hazards.  - Install adequate for any awork was to improve visibility and minimise the risk of accidents.  - Train employ as on prore houseke or acchniques and ensure they understand the international main and a clean as a clutter-free workspace.  - Apply any slip coungs or use slip-resistant mats in work areas with high foot traffic or when specimally signing endicating potential hazards, such as "Wet Floor" signs		NAME OF PERSON
			<ul> <li>Display Satisfying ge indicating potential nazards, such as Wet Floor signs "Water Your Pap."</li> <li>Energy a workers to wear appropriate footwear with slip-resistant soles to reduce he risk wills.</li> <li>Induct regular inspections of the work area to identify and rectify potential hazards promptly.</li> <li>Implement a Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) for abrasive blasting and powder coating processes, providing clear guidelines on safe practices and procedures.</li> <li>Provide proper storage solutions for equipment and materials, ensuring they are stored securely and out of the way when not in use.</li> <li>Establish an emergency action plan in case of accidents or incidents, including clear evacuation routes and designated assembly points.</li> <li>Communicate and reinforce the importance of following control measures through toolbox talks, safety briefings, and ongoing training sessions for all workers involved in abrasive blasting and powder coating tasks.</li> </ul>		
2. Surface cleaning	Chemical exposure, eye injury due to debris	зн	<ul> <li>Proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Ensure that employees and workers are provided with, and wear appropriate protective gear such as gloves, safety goggles, face shields or masks, long-sleeved clothing and close-toed shoes to reduce the risk of chemical exposure and eye injury from debris.</li> <li>Training: Conduct regular training sessions for all workers involved in surface cleaning, educating them about the risks associated with abrasive blasting and powder coating, proper handling and storage of chemicals, and safe work practices to minimise hazards.</li> </ul>	1L	



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			<ul> <li>Chemical Safety Data Sheets (SDS): Keep a readily accessible copy of the latest SDS for all chemicals used in the workplace, and train employees on how to interpret and use this information in case of an emergincy or if there is a concern about possible exposure.</li> </ul>		
			- Ventilation: Ensure adequate ventilation is essent within the workspace to minimise inhalation of harmful fumes, dust, the rair we contaminants during the surface cleaning process.		
			- Eye wash station: Install and maintain easily accessible eye with stations nearby the work area to allow for important liate rinsing of eye of any of this or chemicals happen to make contact.		
			- Proper disposal waste ateria Implement a strict waste management plan for the proper disposal of chernal residues, user parasive/blasting materials, and any contaminated proper citive equations to minimise the risk of chemical spills or second y expense.		
			- Reg. in ruipme, maintenance and inspection: Conduct routine checks and servicing to II equipment utilised in the surface cleaning process to ensure it's in good working order, in mising the likelihood of accidents or malfunctions leading to hazard to post.		
	1		- age and lab. : Clearly mark hazardous areas and chemical containers with appropriate warning signs and labels, ensuring all workers are aware of potential angers a pociated with particular tasks or substances.		
			- Ye work procedures: Establish written Safe Work Method Statements (SWMS) for each task related to surface cleaning, outlining step-by-step processes and necessary control measures to minimise hazards.		
			- Emergency response plan: Develop and implement an emergency response plan to handle potential incidents involving chemical exposure, eye injury or other hazards related to abrasive blasting and powder coating. Regularly review and update this plan, ensuring all workers are familiar with the correct procedures.		
			- Encourage a safety culture: Foster a positive workplace culture where everyone is encouraged to report near misses and unsafe situations, discuss potential improvements to existing processes and work together proactively to reduce the risk of accidents and injuries on the job.		
			- Regular inspection and maintenance: Ensure that all electrical equipment associated with abrasive blasting and powder coating is regularly inspected and maintained by a qualified electrician to prevent electrical hazards.		
3. Equipment setup	Electrical hazards, noise exposure	2M	- Use of residual current devices (RCDs): Install RCDs on power outlets to protect workers from potential electrical hazards during the setup of equipment.	1L	
			- Proper grounding of equipment: Ensure all electrical equipment is grounded, following the manufacturer's guidelines, to reduce the risk of electrical shock.		



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			- Use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE): Provide and ensure the use of appropriate hearing protection for workers exposed to high noise levels during the equipment setup process.		
			- Training and supervision: Provide adequate to ang and supervision to workers handling abrasive blasting and powder coat a equipment to prevent unsafe practices and reduce the likelihood of accidents.		
			- Cable and hose management: Properly plan ganise cable and hose routes to avoid trip hazards and prevent damage to electrical hazards.		
			- Noise control mean typical at engineering colors such as sound barriers, mufflers, or silences to record exposure during equipment setup.		
			- Safe work a sedures: Dreslop and after alle work procedures for setting up equipment, including guidanes for sall connecting and disconnecting electrical companies.		
			- Isola p. er sou s: Ensure power supplies are isolated and locked out before comme pin, by rep. or maintenance work on equipment.		
			Tempe ture atrol: wonitor and manage temperature levels in the equipment to pre and overheating of electrical appliances, which could result in electrical appliances.		
			mergery shut-off mechanisms: Equip machinery with emergency shut-off hands and to enable workers to quickly halt operations in case of an emergency.  Notify workers of potential hazards: Communicate the potential hazards present		
			during equipment setup with all workers involved in the process, ensuring they understand and follow appropriate safety precautions.		
4. Abrasive blasting	Flying debris, dust inhalation	3H		2M	



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5. Inspection	Contact with machinery, musculoskeletal strains (manual handling)	2M		1L	



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6. Powder coating	Fires from powder dust, skin irritation	3H		1L	



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7. Drying and curing	Burns or scalds, poor air quality	2M		1L	



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8. Quality control	Sharp edges, repetitive tasks injuries	2M		1L	



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<ol><li>Packaging and storage</li></ol>	Heavy lifting, falling objects	2M		1L	



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10. Disposal	Hazardous waste, puncture wounds	2M		1L	



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#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE - CALL 000 FOR EMERGENCIES**

Ensure to have an Emergency Management Plan in place as well as adequate numbers of trained first aid staff with easy access to fully stocked first aid kits, rescue equipment, material safety data sheets, adequate access to emergency communication equipment and fire-fighting equipment suitable for all classes of fire and ignition sources.

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES

RELEVANT LEGISLATION AND CODES OF PRACTICE. DELETE THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCES. ANY STATE OF AT ARE NOT APPLICABLE.

#### **Queensland & Australian Capital Territory**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2011

Legislation QLD: https://www.worksafe.gld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/work-health-and-safety-laws

Codes of Practice QLD: https://www.worksafe.qld.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice Legislation ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice ACT: https://www.worksafe.act.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

#### **New South Wales**

Work Health and Safety Act 2011

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2017

Legislation NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/legal-obligations/legislati

Codes of Practice NSW: https://www.safework.nsw.gov.au/resource-library/lis > odes-or racti

#### **Northern Territory**

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Act 2011

Work Health and Safety (National Uniform Legislation) Regulation 201

Legislation NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/laws-and-compliance/wo\_place-

Codes of Practice NT: https://worksafe.nt.gov.au/s

#### South Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2012 (SA)

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012 (SA)

Legislation for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/resources/le\_lation

Codes of Practice for SA: https://www.safework.sa.gov.au/work\_aces/codes-of-practice#COPs

#### Tasmania

Work Health and Safety Act 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Act 2012

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2012

Work Health and Safety (Transitional) Regulations 2012

Legislation for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/acts-and-regulations

Codes of Practice for TAS: https://worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/laws-and-compliance/codes-of-practice

Details of permits, licenses or access required by regulatory bodies (add or delete as required):

- Permits from local council
- Authorisation to commence work
- Any required documents.

#### Victoria

Occupational Health at Safety Act 34

Occ. ational Health and afety gulations 2017

Legis on VIC: https://www.csafe.vic.gov.au/occupational-health-and-safety-act-and-

<u>qulat.</u>

des on actice VI autros://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/compliance-codes-and-codes-practice

#### Western Australia

Work Health and Safety Act 2020

Work Health and Safety Regulations 2022

Legislation Western Australia: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/legislation</a> Codes of Practice WA: <a href="https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice">https://www.commerce.wa.gov.au/worksafe/codes-practice</a>

#### Safe Work Australia Links

Law and Regulation (All States): https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/law-and-regulation Model Codes of Practice: https://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/resources-publications/model-codes-of-practice

#### **Model Codes of Practice**

- Managing noise and preventing hearing loss at work
- Confined spaces
- Labelling of workplace hazardous chemicals
- Managing risks of hazardous chemicals in the workplace
- Welding processes
- First aid in the workplace
- Managing the risk of falls at workplaces
- Hazardous manual tasks
- Managing the risk of falls in housing construction
- Managing electrical risks in the workplace
- Demolition work
- Excavation work
- Work health and safety consultation, cooperation and coordination
- Managing the work environment and facilities
- How to manage work health and safety risks
- Managing risks of plant in the workplace
- Construction work



### SIGNATORIES OF THE SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT

The signed and dated personnel listed below have cooperated in the consultation and development of this Safe Work Method Statement which has been approved by the Person/s Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU). In signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual acknowledges and confirms that they have read this SWMS in full, having raised any questions for items on this Safe Work Method Statement that require clarification, and confirms that they are competent, skilled and knowledgeable for the task assigned to them. Every person acknowledges that they have received the relevant training and qualifications where required, before carrying out any work contained in this Safe Work Method Statement. By signing this Safe Work Method Statement each individual agrees to work safely, to follow any safe work instructions which are provided, and agrees to use all Personal Protective Equipment where appropriate.

Tollow arry sale work instruction								
Worker Name	Pos	sition	Signature	Date	Time	Sup	pervisor	
				Date:				
				-				
				Date				
				l te:				
			AV	Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
				Date:				
SAF WC A STHOU STATEMENT MONITORING AND REVIEW								
The SWMS must be reviewed regularly to racke sure it remains effective and must be reviewed (and revised if necessary) if relevant control measure are reviewed. The reviewed if necessary if relevant control measure are reviewed are reviewed to process should be carried out in consultation with workers (including contractors are subcontracted as) who may be affected by the operation of the SWMS and their health and safety representatives who received that work group at the workplace.  When the SWMS has been revised the PCBU must ensure that all persons involved with the work are advised that a revision has been made and how they can access the revised SWMS, including all persons who will need to change a work procedure or system as a result of the review are advised of the changes in a way that will enable them to implement their duties consistently with the revised SWMS. All workers that will be involved in the work must be provided with the relevant information and instruction that will assist them to understand and implement the revised SWMS.				The SWMS must be monitored regularly for the effectiveness of ensuring hazard controls are effective in reducing the risk of incidents, keeping the workplace safe for all personnel. The person responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of the Safe Work Method Statement should employ a multi-faceted approach which includes but is not limited to:  1. Spot Checks. 2. Consultation with workers, contractors and sub-contractors. 3. Internal audits on a continual basis.  An approach of continuous improvement, promptly recording inconsistencies or deficiencies, followed up by immediate corrective action and consultation with all relevant personnel ensures that the PCBU is consistently developing ever-improving systems of safe work principles.				
REVIEW NUMBER	□ 1	<u> </u>	□ 3	<u></u> 4	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	
NAME								
INITIALS								
DATE								



### SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT REVIEW CHECKLIST

This Safe Work Method Statement Review Checklist is to be followed and used upon initial development of the SWMS to help ensure that all steps have been adequately taken before work commences. Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.

Think of this document as an internal audit review checklist before commencing work, and may form part of a Toolbox Talk (safety meeting) and may be used as an opportunity for education and training.						
ITEMS WHICH MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE SWMS	COMPLETED	TO BE DONE	COMMENTS			
The company details have been entered, including the project name and address.						
Names and signatures of all relevant personnel consulted during the development of the SWMS.		D				
Name, signature, position and date signed of the person approving the SWMS.						
Specific personnel and qualifications, experience is noted in the SWMS.	P					
Provides a step-by-step process of tasks required to carry out the activity or task.						
Adequate risk assessment of any identified hazards has been completed.						
Foreseeable hazards are identified and documented for each step.						
Any hazards listed in any site risk assessments have been added to the SWN						
SWMS initial risk (IR) column as well as residual risk (RR) columns completed.						
Check control measures added to the SWMS are the most effecting sections.						
Responsible person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person person is assigned and listed on the SWMS for the imperent person per						
Permit requirements specified, such as Hot Work, Electrical Work, Vocat Heights etc.						
SWMS identifies plant and equipment to be u 1.						
Details of inspection checks required for any equipment listed are noted on the SWMS.						
Describes any mandatory qualifications, experience raining skills required to perform the work.						
Applicable personal protective equipment is selected on the SWMS.						
Lists any required permits or licenses.						
Reflects and documents any legislative references and/or Australian Standards.						
Identifies any hazardous substances used with specific control measures in line with any SDS.						
REVIEWED BY	DATE REVIEWED					
SIGNATURE	DATE COMPLETED					